



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE  
NAME

CENTRE  
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE  
NUMBER

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**GEOGRAPHY**

**0460/13**

Paper 1

**October/November 2012**

**1 hour 45 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:      Calculator  
                                         Protractor

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

**DO NOT WRITE ON ANY BARCODES.**

Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Answer **three** questions.

The Insert contains Photographs A, B and C for Question 2, Photograph D for Question 3 and Photographs E, F and G for Question 6.

The Insert is **not** required by the Examiner.

Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
Q1	
Q2	
Q3	
Q4	
Q5	
Q6	
<b>Total</b>	

This document consists of **26** printed pages, **2** blank pages and **1** Insert.



**QUESTION 1**

For  
Examiner's  
Use

(a) Study Fig. 1, which shows information about the population of four countries.

Country	Area (sq km)	Population	Population density (per sq km)	Birth rate (per 1000)	Death rate (per 1000)	Natural population growth rate (per 1000)
Bangladesh	143 998	156 050 883	1084	24.7	9.2	
Pakistan	796 095	174 578 558	219	25.9	7.2	18.7
Australia	7 741 220	21 262 641	2.7	12.5	6.7	5.8
Italy	301 340	58 126 212	193	8.2	10.7	-2.5

**Fig. 1**

(i) Which of the countries listed in Fig. 1 is most densely populated?

.....

[1]

(ii) Calculate the natural population growth of Bangladesh. You must show how you worked out your answer.

..... per 1000 people

[2]

(iii) Suggest **three** reasons why the birth rate is higher in Pakistan (an LEDC) than Australia (an MEDC).

1 .....

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2 .....

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3 .....

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..... [3]

3

(iv) Bangladesh is overpopulated. Describe **four** problems which may be caused by overpopulation.

For  
Examiner's  
Use

1 .....

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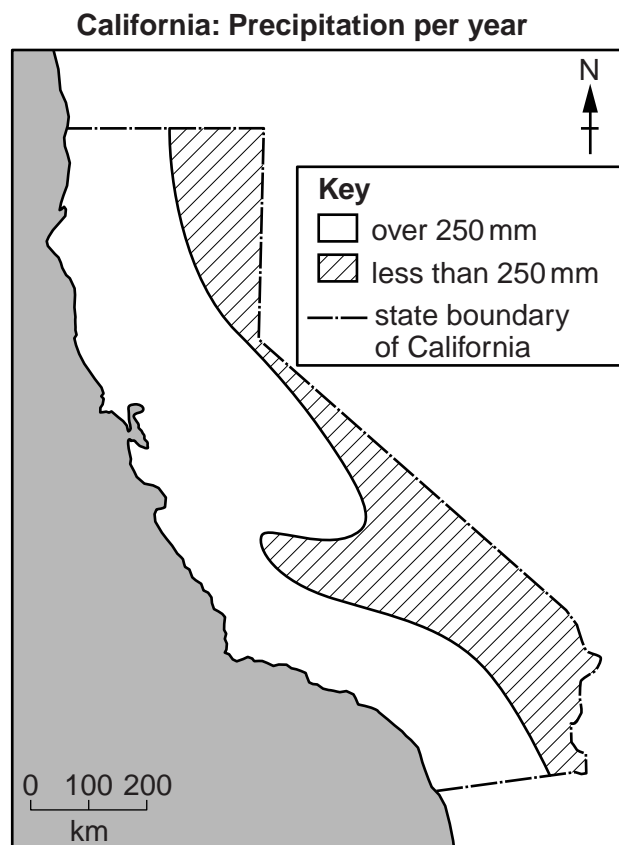
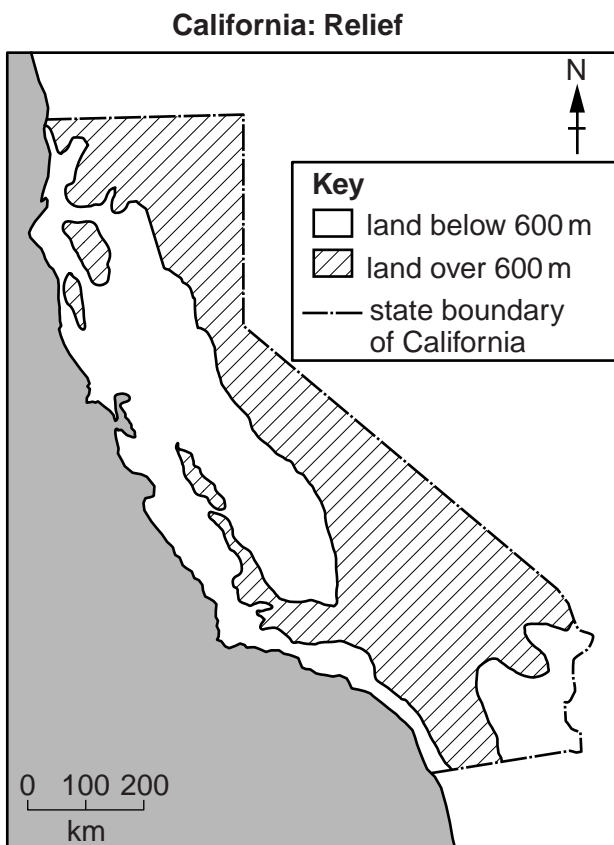
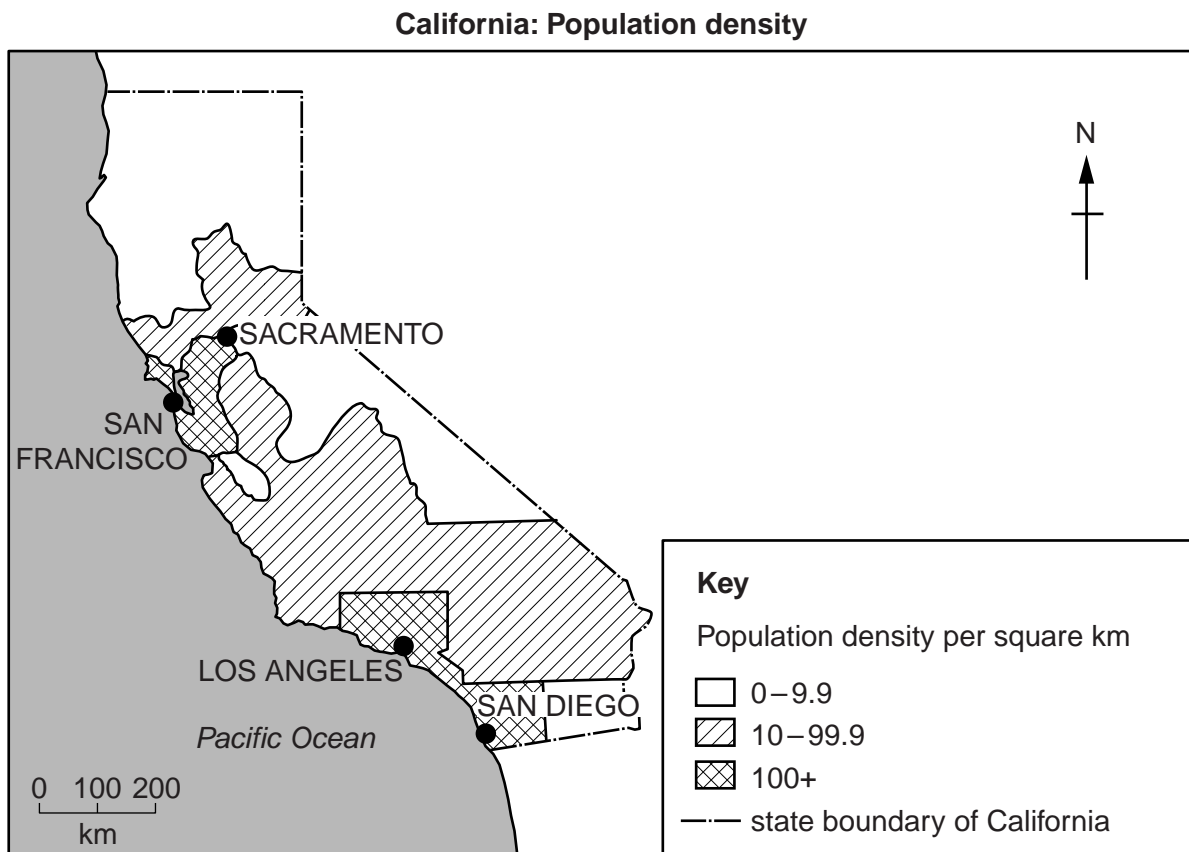
4 .....

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..... [4]

(b) Study Fig. 2, which shows information about California, in the USA.

For  
Examiner's  
Use



**Fig. 2**

- (i) Describe the location of the areas with a high population density (over 100 people per square kilometre) in California.

For  
Examiner's  
Use

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..... [3]

- (ii) Using the information in Fig. 2 **only**, explain the location of areas of high population density within California.

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..... [5]



QUESTION 2

For  
Examiner's  
Use

(a) Study Photographs A, B and C (Insert), which show three methods of reducing traffic problems in urban areas.

(i) Traffic can cause congestion in the CBD of many urban areas. What is meant by the initials CBD?

C..... B..... D..... [1]

(ii) Which one of Photographs A, B or C, was taken in the CBD?  
Give **one** piece of evidence to justify your choice.

Photograph .....

Evidence .....

.....

..... [2]

(iii) Describe how each of the three methods shown in Photographs A, B and C reduces traffic in the CBD.

Photograph A .....

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Photograph B .....

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Photograph C .....

.....

..... [3]

(iv) Explain why it is important to reduce problems of traffic congestion in urban areas.

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..... [4]

(b) Study Fig. 3, which shows the city of Hereford, in the UK.

For  
Examiner's  
Use

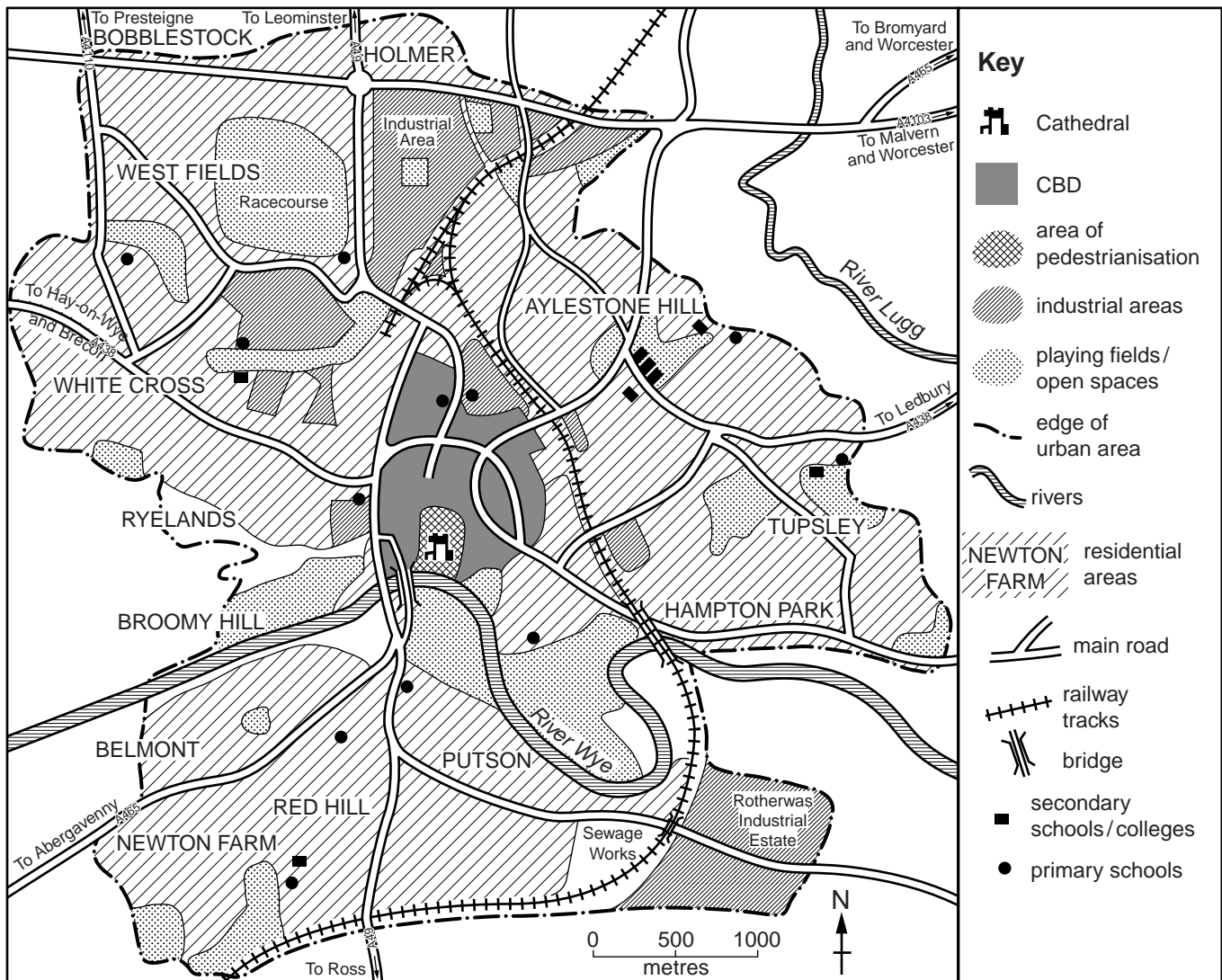


Fig. 3



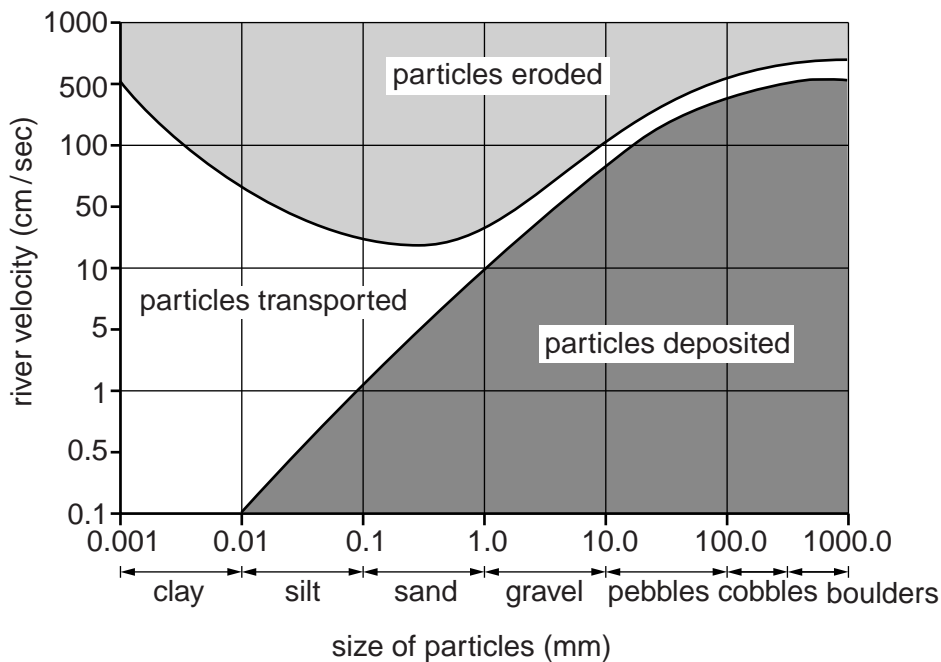




**QUESTION 3**

For  
Examiner's  
Use

(a) Study Fig. 4, a graph which shows information about river velocity and river processes.



**Fig. 4**

(i) What is meant by a river's *velocity*?

.....  
 .....  
 ..... [1]

(ii) Which river process will occur when:

- the river bed is sand and the velocity is 100 centimetres per second;

.....

- the river bed is gravel and the velocity is 1 centimetre per second?

.....

[2]

(iii) Name **three** processes by which a river is likely to carry out erosion.

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

[3]

**(iv)** Explain how a river's load is transported by saltation, solution, suspension and traction.

*For  
Examiner's  
Use*

Saltation .....

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Solution .....

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Suspension .....

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Traction .....

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..... [4]

**(b)** Study Photograph D (Insert) which shows a river meander.

**(i)** Describe the features of this meander.

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..... [3]

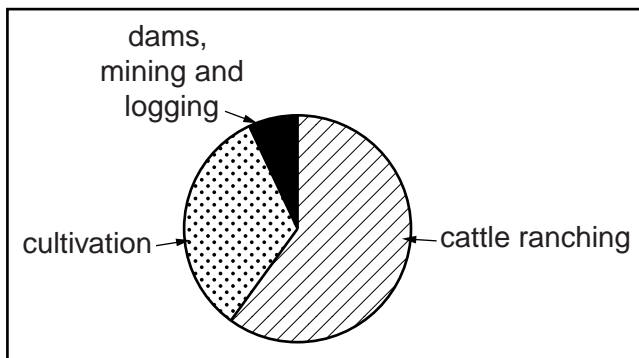


**QUESTION 4**

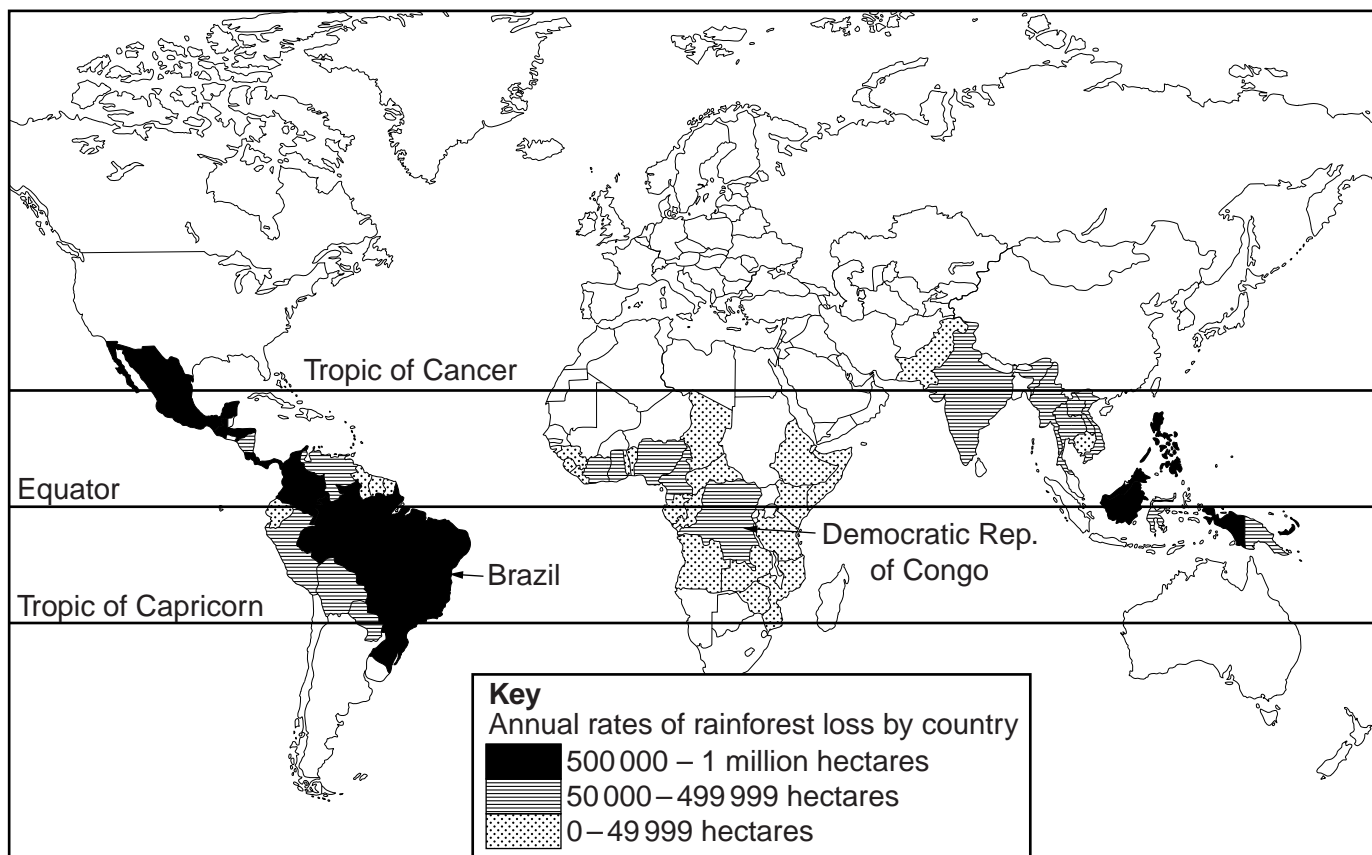
For  
Examiner's  
Use

(a) Study Figs 5A and 5B, which show information about deforestation in tropical countries.

**Causes of deforestation in Amazonia**



**Fig. 5A**



**Fig. 5B**

(i) Use Fig. 5A to estimate the percentage of deforestation caused by cattle ranching in Amazonia.

.....%

[1]

(ii) Use Fig. 5B to identify the annual rate of rainforest loss in Brazil and Democratic Republic of Congo. For each country you should underline the correct answer.

- Brazil

0 – 49 999 hectares      50 000 – 499 999 hectares      500 000 – 1 million hectares

- Democratic Republic of Congo

0 – 49 999 hectares      50 000 – 499 999 hectares      500 000 – 1 million hectares

[2]

(iii) Give **three** reasons why it is difficult for LEDCs to reduce the rate of deforestation.

1 .....

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..... [3]

(iv) Explain how tropical rainforests could be used sustainably.

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(b) Study Fig. 6, information about the impacts of deforestation.

For  
Examiner's  
Use

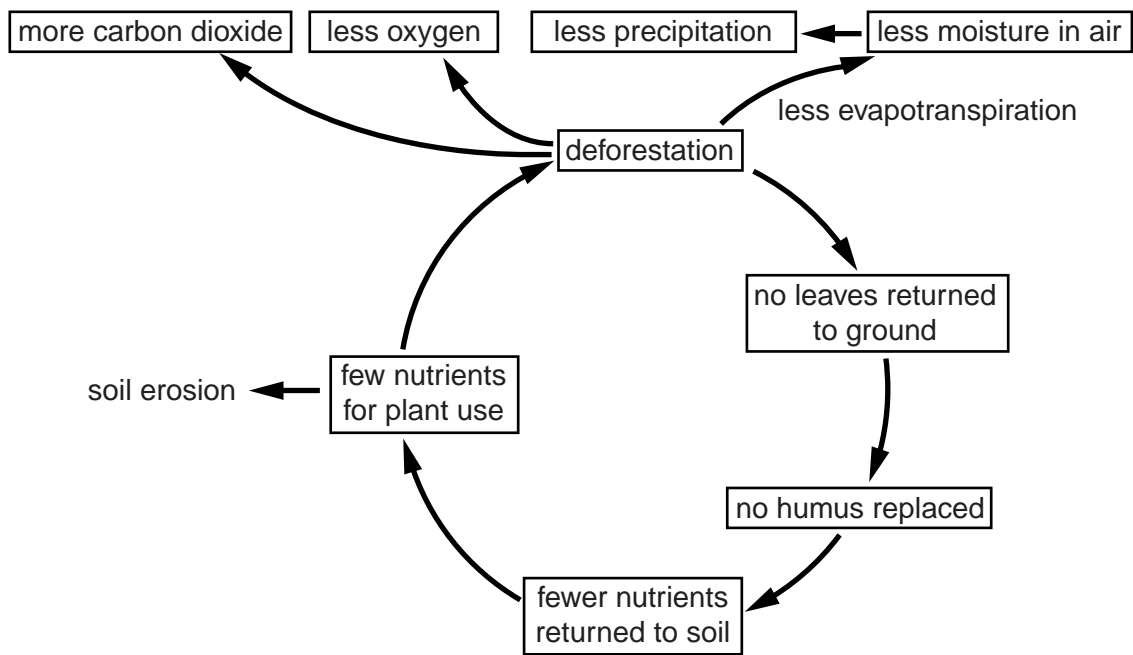


Fig. 6

(i) Using Fig. 6 identify **three** impacts of deforestation on the atmosphere.

- 1 .....
  - .....
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  - 2 .....
  - .....
  - .....
  - 3 .....
  - .....
  - .....
- [3]





## QUESTION 5

(a) Study Fig. 7, which shows information about industry in Japan.

For  
Examiner's  
Use

Most of Japan's industry is located close to the coast. The 'Pacific Belt' between Tokyo and Fukuoka contains 70% of Japan's manufacturing industry. As a result, the main industrial areas are becoming increasingly crowded. This results in a series of problems for the people who live there.

The Japanese government tried to develop industries in other areas. Heavy industry, such as engineering and the making of steel and chemicals, was not suitable as many of the raw materials were imported and the finished products exported. Also the interior of Japan is mountainous.

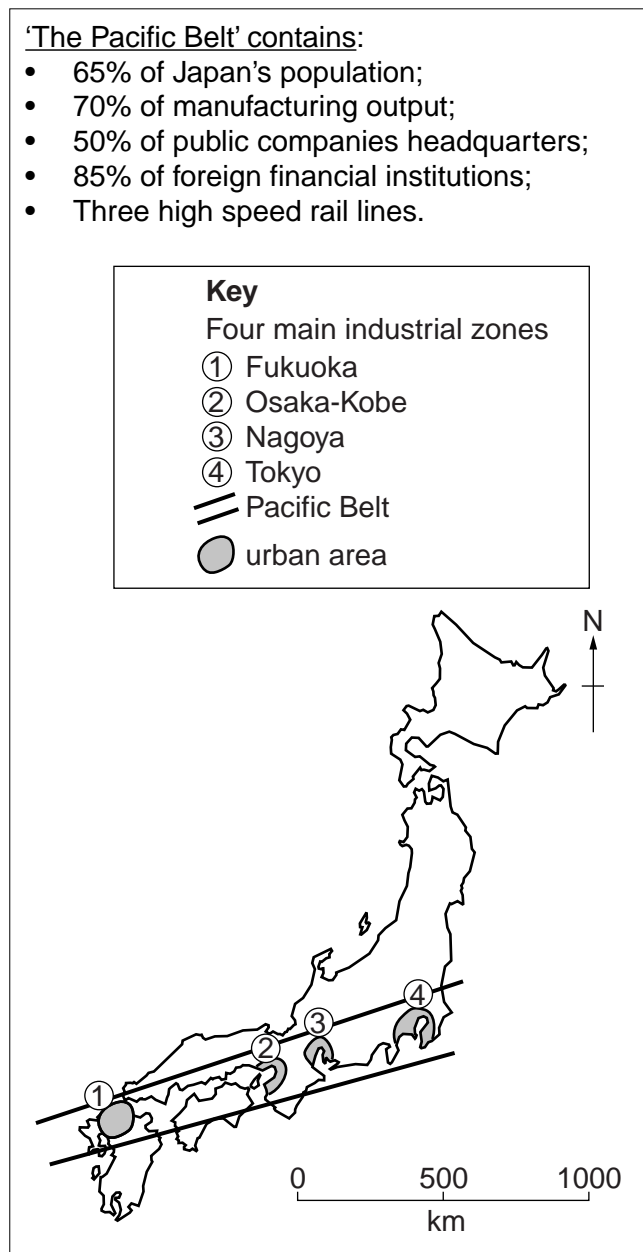
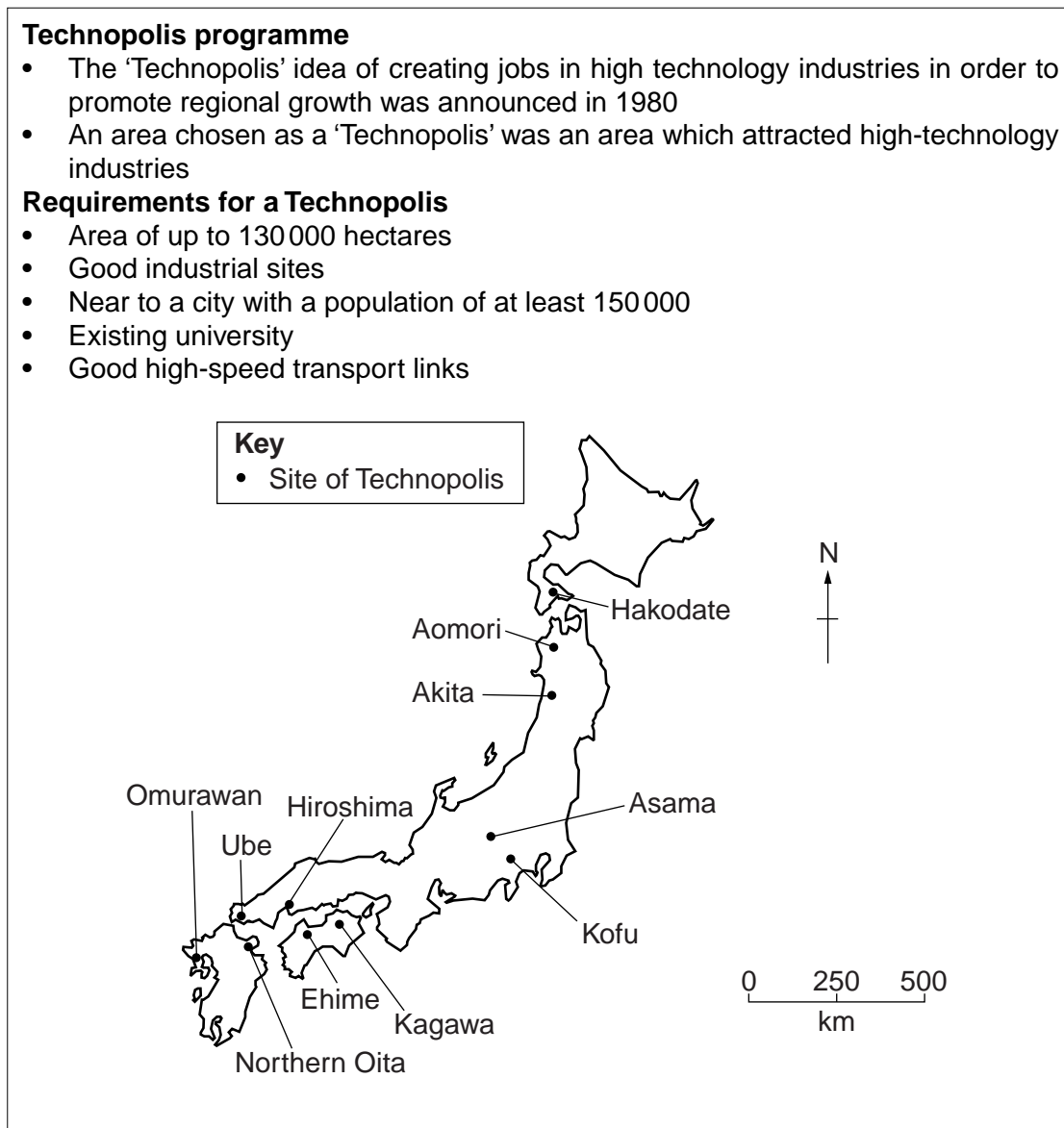


Fig. 7



(b) Study Fig. 8, information about the Technopolis Programme in Japan.

For  
Examiner's  
Use



**Fig. 8**

(i) Suggest why areas chosen as Technopolis sites needed to be:

- near a city with a population of at least 150 000 people;

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- near a university;

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- in an area with good transport links.

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..... [3]

(ii) Suggest advantages for cities like Hakodate of being chosen as a Technopolis site.

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QUESTION 6

For  
Examiner's  
Use

- (a) Study Fig. 9, which shows information about the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per person and the percentage of people employed in the primary sector in selected countries.

GDP is a measure of a country's wealth.

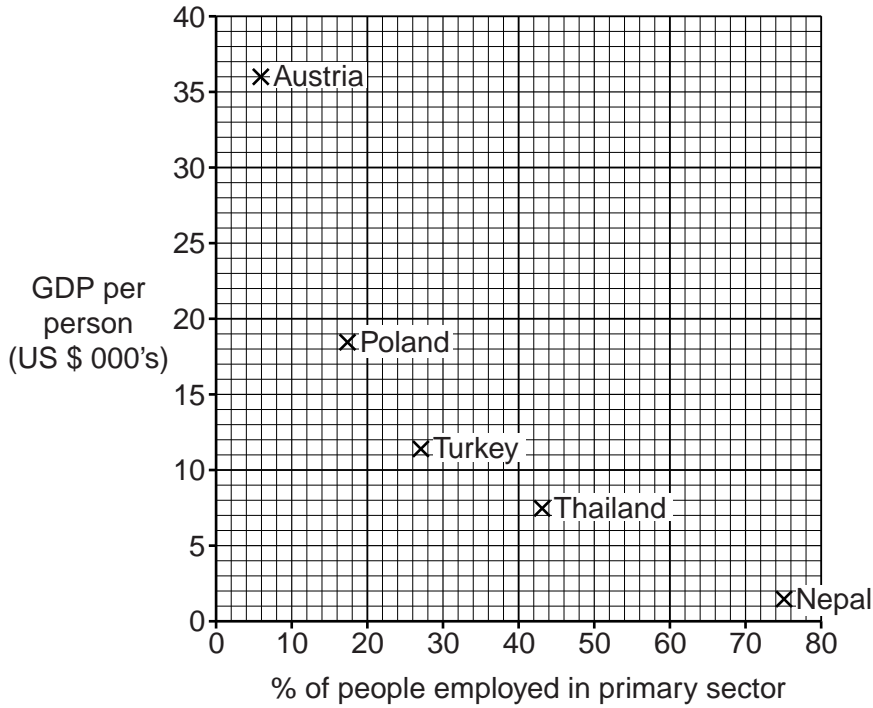


Fig. 9

- (i) Give an example of a job in the primary sector.

..... [1]

- (ii) Use information from Fig. 9 to show that there is a negative relationship between GDP per person and the percentage of people employed in the primary sector. You should use data in your answer.

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 .....  
 .....  
 ..... [2]









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